

A system and device to drive generators or alternators to charge
batteries in electrically powered vehicles

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Though the development of electrically powered vehicles has progressed steadily, the driving range of such vehicles is still restricted due to the depletion of energy in the drive system battery or batteries of the vehicle and the lack of reliable and constant charging devices. The use of solar energy is limited by weather conditions and the size of solar panels, required to supply sufficient energy replacement to the battery or batteries. In contrast to the so called "hybrid" vehicles, using small conventional engines to assist, which are being produced on a limited basis, the charging system and device of the present invention does not require the assist as used in these vehicles. The present invention is designed to increase the driving range of electrically powered vehicles to approach or even exceed that of conventionally powered vehicles.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a power spring driven main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley, main sprocket or, as illustrated on drawings 4, 5 and 6, a power spring driven main wheel. The main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley, main sprocket or main wheel drive a set of gears, friction wheels, pulleys, sprockets or, as illustrated in the second design, as illustrated on drawings 4, 5, and 6, a gear type power transmission. Other types of suitable power transmission devices may also be used, as long as sufficient RPM, required for the generators or alternators to charge the batteries, are achieved while the vehicle is operated, thus increasing the driving range of the vehicle.

The main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket, as illustrated on drawings 1, 2 and 3 and the main wheel as

illustrated in the second design shown on drawings 4, 5 and 6, are powered by a power spring. The outer end of the power spring is attached to the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley, main sprocket or, using a power transmission design as illustrated on drawings 4, 5 and 6, to the main wheel. The inner end of the power spring is attached to the ratchet wheel or the ratchet wheel shaft or axle. Other types of restrictive devices may be used instead of the ratchet wheel and ratchet pawl. When signaled by a power spring tension sensor to wind the power spring, a switch operates the power spring winding motor with speed reducer to wind the power spring. The electricity to the power spring winding motor is supplied by the service system battery which also supplies the electric power to the lights, windshield wiper, windows etc. A ratchet pawl prevents the ratchet from turning and thereby the power spring from unwinding immediately upon completion of the winding operation. An electro-magnetic or other type of brake, simultaneously with the start of the power spring winding operation, stops the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley, main sprocket or, in a power transmission device, as for example, illustrated on drawings 4, 5 and 6, from turning with the winding of the power spring.

FIG. 2

- 15) Axle
- 16) Large gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket
- 17) Small gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket
- 18) Pulley
- 19) Axle
- 20) Belt
- 21) Double pulley
- 22) Belt
- 23) Pulley
- 24) Drive system battery charging generator or alternator
- 25) Service system battery charging generator or alternator

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 3

- 26) Base
- 27) Supports for main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket axle
- 28) Supports for axle 12
- 29) Supports for axle 15
- 30) Supports for axle 19
- 31) Mount and support for power spring winding motor with speed reducer

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FIG. 4

- 1) Power spring
- 2) Ratchet wheel
- 3) Ratchet pawl
- 4) Ratchet wheel shaft or axle
- 5) Power spring winding motor with speed reducer
- 6) Switch
- 7) Coupling
- 8) Power spring tension sensor
- 9) Electro-magnetic or other type brake
- 34) Large gear

Parameter	1990-1999	2000-2009	2010-2019	2020-2029	2030-2039	2040-2049	2050-2059	2060-2069	2070-2079	2080-2089	2090-2099	2100-2109	2110-2119	2120-2129	2130-2139	2140-2149	2150-2159	2160-2169	2170-2179	2180-2189	2190-2199	2200-2209	2210-2219	2220-2229	2230-2239	2240-2249	2250-2259	2260-2269	2270-2279	2280-2289	2290-2299	2300-2309	2310-2319	2320-2329	2330-2339	2340-2349	2350-2359	2360-2369	2370-2379	2380-2389	2390-2399	2400-2409	2410-2419	2420-2429	2430-2439	2440-2449	2450-2459	2460-2469	2470-2479	2480-2489	2490-2499	2500-2509	2510-2519	2520-2529	2530-2539	2540-2549	2550-2559	2560-2569	2570-2579	2580-2589	2590-2599	2600-2609	2610-2619	2620-2629	2630-2639	2640-2649	2650-2659	2660-2669	2670-2679	2680-2689	2690-2699	2700-2709	2710-2719	2720-2729	2730-2739	2740-2749	2750-2759	2760-2769	2770-2779	2780-2789	2790-2799	2800-2809	2810-2819	2820-2829	2830-2839	2840-2849	2850-2859	2860-2869	2870-2879	2880-2889	2890-2899	2900-2909	2910-2919	2920-2929	2930-2939	2940-2949	2950-2959	2960-2969	2970-2979	2980-2989	2990-2999	3000-3009	3010-3019	3020-3029	3030-3039	3040-3049	3050-3059	3060-3069	3070-3079	3080-3089	3090-3099	3100-3109	3110-3119	3120-3129	3130-3139	3140-3149	3150-3159	3160-3169	3170-3179	3180-3189	3190-3199	3200-3209	3210-3219	3220-3229	3230-3239	3240-3249	3250-3259	3260-3269	3270-3279	3280-3289	3290-3299	3300-3309	3310-3319	3320-3329	3330-3339	3340-3349	3350-3359	3360-3369	3370-3379	3380-3389	3390-3399	3400-3409	3410-3419	3420-3429	3430-3439	3440-3449	3450-3459	3460-3469	3470-3479	3480-3489	3490-3499	3500-3509	3510-3519	3520-3529	3530-3539	3540-3549	3550-3559	3560-3569	3570-3579	3580-3589	3590-3599	3600-3609	3610-3619	3620-3629	3630-3639	3640-3649	3650-3659	3660-3669	3670-3679	3680-3689	3690-3699	3700-3709	3710-3719	3720-3729	3730-3739	3740-3749	3750-3759	3760-3769	3770-3779	3780-3789	3790-3799	3800-3809	3810-3819	3820-3829	3830-3839	3840-3849	3850-3859	3860-3869	3870-3879	3880-3889	3890-3899	3900-3909	3910-3919	3920-3929	3930-3939	3940-3949	3950-3959	3960-3969	3970-3979	3980-3989	3990-3999	4000-4009	4010-4019	4020-4029	4030-4039	4040-4049	4050-4059	4060-4069	4070-4079	4080-4089	4090-4099	4100-4109	4110-4119	4120-4129	4130-4139	4140-4149	4150-4159	4160-4169	4170-4179	4180-4189	4190-4199	4200-4209	4210-4219	4220-4229	4230-4239	4240-4249	4250-4259	4260-4269	4270-4279	4280-4289	4290-4299	4300-4309	4310-4319	4320-4329	4330-4339	4340-4349	4350-4359	4360-4369	4370-4379	4380-4389	4390-4399	4400-4409	4410-4419	4420-4429	4430-4439	4440-4449	4450-4459	4460-4469	4470-4479	4480-4489	4490-4499	4500-4509	4510-4519	4520-4529	4530-4539	4540-4549	4550-4559	4560-4569	4570-4579	4580-4589	4590-4599	4600-4609	4610-4619	4620-4629	4630-4639	4640-4649	4650-4659	4660-4669	4670-4679	4680-4689	4690-4699	4700-4709</
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DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 5

- 18) Pulley
- 20) Belt
- 21) Double pulley
- 22) Belt
- 23) Pulley
- 24) Drive system battery charging generator or alternator
- 25) Service system battery charging generator or alternator
- 32) Main wheel
- 33) Shaft or axle
- 34) Large gear
- 35) Small gear
- 36) Shaft or axle
- 37) Small gear
- 38) Large gear
- 39) Shaft or axle
- 40) Large gear
- 41) Small gear
- 42) Shaft or axle
- 43) Small gear
- 44) Large gear
- 45) Shaft or axle

18 20 21 22 23 24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 6

- 18) Pulley
- 32) Main wheel
- 33) Shaft or axle
- 34) Large gear
- 35) Small gear
- 36) Shaft or axle
- 37) Small gear
- 38) Large gear
- 39) Shaft or axle
- 40) Large gear
- 41) Small gear
- 42) Shaft or axle
- 43) Small gear
- 44) Large gear
- 45) Shaft or axle
- 46) Transmission housing
- 47) Front cover with bearing
- 48) Rear cover with bearing
- 49) Support web with bearing
- 50) Support web with bearing
- 51) Support web with bearing

TOP SECRET

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention provides a system and device to charge the drive system battery or batteries and a service system battery during operation of an electrically powered vehicle, thereby increasing the operating range of the vehicle.

The system and device of the present invention is described in two designs, using different power transmission devices, though any suitable power transmission design may be used, as long as sufficient RPM of the generators or alternators are achieved to charge the batteries.

The first design of the present invention is illustrated on drawings 1, 2 and 3 in which the outer end of the power spring 1 is attached to the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10 and the inner end of the power spring 1 is attached to the ratchet wheel 2 or, as illustrated, to the ratchet wheel shaft 4. An electric motor with speed reducer 5 winds the power spring 1 when contacts are closed in switch 6 upon a signal from the power spring tension sensor 8 to switch 6. The power spring tension sensor 8 may be of a laser type, light sensor, photocell, toggle switch or other suitable type. Simultaneously with the signal from the power spring tension sensor 8 to switch 6, a signal is also sent to an electro-magnetic or other suitable type brake 9 which engages the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10 to momentarily prevent same from turning with the winding or the power spring 1. When the power spring tension sensor 8 signals the switch 6 to interrupt the current to the power spring winding motor with speed reducer 5, upon completion of the winding operation, it also interrupts the current to the electro-magnetic or other type brake 9, thereby releasing same.

The electro-magnetic or other type brake 9 is equipped with a spring which retracts the brake 9 to release same. When the tension of the power spring 1 is reduced to a point when winding is required, the power spring tension sensor 8 signals the switch 6 to close contacts and start the power spring winding motor with speed reducer 5 to wind the power spring 1 by turning the ratchet wheel 2 which is engaged by the ratchet pawl 3 to prevent unwinding

of the power spring 1 during the winding operation and to hold the inner end of the power spring 1 fast while same unwinds during the turning of the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10. The gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13 turns a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 14 of reduced diameter or pitch circle, which is mounted on a common shaft or axle 15 with gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16 with a diameter or pitch circle greater than that of gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13. The gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16 turns a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17 of reduced diameter. A pulley 18 is mounted on the common shaft or axle 19 with the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17. In the case of pulley or sprocket, belts or roller chain would be used respectively. The pulley 18 is mounted on shaft or axle 19, but is located outside the support 30 to facilitate changing the belt 20 without removal of shaft or axle 19. A belt 20 connects pulley 18 with a double pulley 21 of the drive system battery charging generator or alternator 24, thus turning same. A second belt 22 connects the double pulley 21 with the pulley 23 of the service system battery charging generator or alternator 25, thus turning same. Preferably, the pulleys 18, 21 and 23 should be of the same diameter or pitch circle as gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17. In case of the use of generators, the appropriate voltage regulators have to be used. The generators or alternators 24 and 25 may be located so that the system and device of the present invention requires the least amount of space, either in line with gears, friction wheels, pulleys or sprockets 16 and 17, or above or below of same. Other types of power transmission devices may be used, as long as it is driven by a power spring device per the present invention and as long as the required RPM of the generators or alternators are achieved to assure sufficient charging of the batteries.

The supports 28 and 29 are staggered or offset to allow for clearance of the shaft or axle of the previous gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket. The power spring winding motor with speed reducer support 31 is situated in line with the supports 27 of the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10.

The supports are mounted or are attached to a common base 26. The main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10 turns in supports 27 and the other gears, friction wheels, pulleys or sprockets turn in supports 28, 29 and 30 respectively with the use of bearing bushings or bearings.

As an example, the following is a demonstration of the RPM generated by the system and device of the present invention: Assuming a main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main Sprocket 10 with a diameter or pitch circle of 18 inches; a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 11 with a diameter or pitch circle of 3 inches; a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13 with a diameter or pitch circle of 21 inches; a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 14 with a diameter or pitch circle of 3 inches; a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16 with a diameter or pitch circle of 24 inches; a gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17 with a diameter or pitch circle of 3 inches and pulleys 18, 21 and 23 with a diameter of 3 inches.

As the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10 turns 1 time, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 11 turns 6 times. Therefore, gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13 turns 6 times. With every revolution of gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13, gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 14 turns 7 times. Therefore, gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16 turns 7 times. With every revolution of gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16, gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17, and therefore pulleys 18, 21 and 23 turn 8 times.

Therefore, the RPM of pulleys 18, 21 and 23 and the generators or alternators 24 and 25 are calculated as follows:

$$18" \div 3" = 6$$

$$21" \div 3" = 7$$

$$24" \div 3" = 8$$

$$1 \times 6 = 6 \times 7 = 42 \times 8 = 336$$

Therefore, with every revolution of the power spring 1 driven main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17, as well as pulleys 18, 21 and 23 turn 336 times. If the main gear, main friction wheel, main

pulley or main sprocket turns only, for example, at 10 RPM, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17 and the pulleys 18, 21 and 23 turn at 3360 RPM.

The diameter or pitch circle of the main gear, main friction wheel, main pulley or main sprocket 10 may be selected to be 12 inches, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 11 to be 2 inches, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 13 to be 14 inches, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 14 to be 2 inches, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 16 to be 16 inches, the gear, friction wheel, pulley or sprocket 17 to be 2 inches, and the pulleys 18, 21 and 23 to be 2 inches. The RPM generated would be identical to the above example. However, this selection would result in a smaller system and device of the present invention, thereby requiring less space. The generated RPM can also simply be changed, up or down, by changing the diameter of the pulleys 18, 21 and 23.

The power spring 1 may be selected to provide tension to either increase or decrease the RPM of the system and device of the present invention as required to provide the maximum and most efficient charging rate of the generators or alternators 24 and 25 as is needed to keep the batteries charged as fully as possible.

The alternative and preferable design of a system and device of the present invention, as illustrated on drawings 4, 5 and 6, utilizes a more compact power transmission device, though any suitable power transmission may be used as long as the result is sufficient RPM of the generators or alternators to charge the batteries when the vehicle is operated.

In this design of the present invention the outer end of the power spring 1 is attached to a main wheel 32. The inner end of the power spring 1 is attached to the ratchet wheel 2 or, preferably to the ratchet wheel shaft or axle 4. An electric motor with speed reducer 5 winds the power spring 1 when contacts are closed in switch 6 upon a signal from the power spring tension sensor 8 to switch 6. The power spring tension sensor 8 may be of a laser type, light sensor, photocell, toggle switch or other suitable type. Simultaneously with the signal from the power spring tension sensor 8 to switch 6, a signal is also sent to an electro-magnetic or other type brake 9

which engages the main wheel 32 to momentarily prevent same from turning with the winding of the power spring 1. When the power spring tension sensor 8 signals the switch 6 to interrupt the current to the power spring winding motor with speed reducer 5, upon completion of the winding operation, it also releases the electro-magnetic or other type brake 9.

The electro-magnetic or other type brake is equipped with a spring or other type retraction device to release same. A calliper type brake may also be used. When tension of the power spring 1 is reduced to a point when winding is required, the power spring tension sensor 8 signals the switch 6 to close contacts and start the power spring winding motor with speed reducer 5 to wind the power spring 1 by turning the ratchet wheel 2 and thereby the ratchet wheel shaft or axle 4. The ratchet wheel 2 is engaged by a ratchet pawl 3 to prevent unwinding of the power spring 1 during the winding operation and to hold the inner end of the power spring 1 fast while same unwinds during the turning of the main wheel 32.

The ratchet wheel shaft or axle 4 is attached to the shaft of the power spring winding motor with speed reducer 5 with the use of a coupling 7. The axle 33 of the main wheel 32 and gear 33 turns either inside or outside of the shaft or axle 4 of the ratchet wheel 2 with the use of a bearing bushing or needle bearing, or other type of bearing.

The power spring 1 drives the main wheel 32. With the common shaft or axle 33, the main wheel 32 drives the gear 33 directly, in contrast to the first described design. The gear 33 drives a gear 35 with a reduced pitch circle, which is mounted on a common shaft or axle 36 with large gear 38. The large gear 38 turns a gear 37 with a reduced pitch circle. A common shaft or axle 39 connects the small gear 37 with the large gear 40. The large gear 40 turns a small gear 41. The shaft or axle 42 of small gear 41 connects same with the large gear 44. The large gear 44 turns a small gear 43. A pulley 18 is mounted on the shaft or axle 45 of the small gear 43. A belt 20 connects with the double pulley 21 of the drive system generator or alternator 24, thus turning same. The belt 22 connects the double pulley 21 with the pulley 23 of the service system

generator or alternator, thus turning same.

The shaft or axle 33 turns in a bearing which is in the front cover 47 of the transmission housing 46. The shaft or axle 36 turns in a bearing attached to the support web 49. The shaft or axle 39 is supported with a bearing in support web 50. The shaft or axle 42 is supported with a bearing mounted in support 51. The shaft or axle 45 turns in a bearing mounted in the rear cover 48 of the transmission housing 46.

